

SEEDS OF SUCCESS FIELD DATA FORM

Seed Collection Ref. Number:	NM930-114	Collector Code:	NM930
Date(s) Collected (MM/DD/YY):	9/2/10	Collector Name(s):	Chambliss, S.; Primer, S.; Howard, M.
		Collection Number:	114
		Alt. Collection Number:	Howard 427

COLLECTION DATA

Family:	Asteraceae	No. of Plants Sampled (min. 50):	180
Genus:	Verbesina	No. of Plants Found (approx.):	>5000
Species:	Enceliodes	Area Sampled (acres):	2
Subspecies/Variety:		Seeds Collected From:	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; font-size: small;"> Plants Ground Both </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; font-size: x-small;"> Unknown </div>
Plant Habit:	<i>Tree</i> <i>Shrub</i> Forb <i>Succulent</i> <i>Grass/Grasslike</i>	Plant Height (feet):	3
Field Notes to assist in identification of pressed specimen (e.g. flower color):	flowers yellow, strong odor when crushed		
Common Name(s) of Plants:	Golden crownbeard	NRCS PLANTS Code:	VEEN

LOCATION DATA

Ecoregion (Omernik Level III):	24	State:	NM	County:	Dona Ana
Subunit (city, BLM area, park name, etc.):	Floral Delight Conservation Area	Area within Subunit (trail name, etc.):	Marigold Trail		
Land Owner:	BLM	Non-BLM Permission Filed:	Y N		
Location Details:	I-10 West of Las Cruces 7 mi, exit 127, cross to the South side and travel 2 mi to County Road B005, continue about 2 miles, population on West side of road. UTM Z13, 304373E, 3567818N				
Source Used:	GPS <i>Map</i> <i>None</i>	Accuracy:	GPS <i>Within 5km</i> <i>6-20km</i> <i>More than 20km</i>		
GPS Datum:	<u>NAD83</u> <i>NAD27</i> <i>WGS84</i> <i>Other:</i>				
Latitude (dg/min/sec) (ex: 40° 34' 19.5" N):	32° 13' 47.9" N		Elevation:	4347	
Longitude (dg/min/sec) (ex: 107° 36' 51.54" W):	107° 4' 34.0" W		Unit (ft or m):	ft	

HABITAT DATA

Associated Species (Scientific Name):	Prosopis glandulosa, Gutierrezia sarothrae, Salsola kali, Dimorphocarpa wislizeni, Atriplex canescens, Amaranthus sp., Bouteloua aristidoides, Pectis sp.
Ecological Site Description, Habitat Type and/or National Vegetation Classification :	Chihuahuan Semi-Desert Grassland

Modifying Factors:	<i>Mowed Burned Grazed Flooded Seeded Trampled Other:</i>		
Land Form:	Sand dunes (Coppice)	Slope (degrees):	0-2 <input type="checkbox"/>
Land Use:	Grazing	Aspect:	<i>N NE E SE S SW W NW</i>
Geology:	Quaternary Aeolian sands		
Soil Texture:	<i>Clay Silt Sand Other:</i> LOAMY FINE SAND	Soil Color:	7.5 YR 5/6 "strong brown"

HERBARIUM VOUCHERS

Number of pressed specimens:	4	Date Voucher Taken:	9/2/10
Herbaria Names (Smithsonian, Regional, Local):	Smithsonian University of New Mexico & New Mexico State University BLM Las Cruces Office		

SPECIALIST IDENTIFICATION

Identified by (name and organizational affiliation):		M. Howard - BLM-NMSO	
Material Identified:	In Field <i>From Pressed Specimen on Day of Collection</i> <i>From Pressed Specimen on Another Date</i> <i>From Photograph</i>	Date Identified (MM/DD/YY):	9/2/10

PRE-COLLECTION CHECKLIST

*This section is for your reference only and not required as part of the data collected by the SOS National Coordinating Office. The conditions indicated in **boldface** describe ideal population size and seed dispersal stage for seed collecting.*

Assess Population & Seed Dispersal Stage				
Approximate area of population:	x	(feet, yards, miles.....)		
Approximate total number of individual plants present and accessible:	0-50	50-500	500-5000	> 5000
Evidence of disturbance or damage:	<i>Resown</i>	<i>Burnt</i>	<i>Sprayed</i>	No damage
Readiness of population for collecting: give percentages or circle the most frequently occurring: <i>Vegetative</i> <i>In flower</i> <i>Immature seeds</i> Around natural dispersal <i>Post dispersal</i>				
Estimate the number of individual plants at natural dispersal stage:	<50	>50		
Is the population: <u>A single population</u> <i>A population with distinct sub-populations (Can you sample separately or from the most suitable?)</i>				
Assess Seed Quality & Availability				
On a typical individual, where on the plant/branch/fruit is the seed at natural dispersal stage: <u>Recognized</u>				
Using a cut test on the seeds at this stage, give percentages or circle the most frequently occurring: Healthy <i>Insect-damaged</i> <i>Empty</i> <i>Moldy</i> <i>Malformed/other damage</i>				
Estimate the number of healthy seeds per fruit:				
Estimate the number of fruits per individual plant:				
Should Seed Be Collected On This Trip?				
Using the above information, if you only collect 20% of the healthy seeds available today, will this result in a collection of >10,000 healthy seeds?				